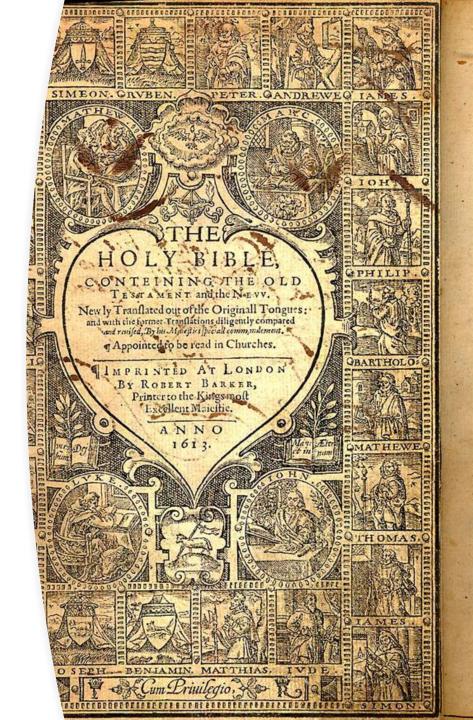
ENGLISH AS A LINGUA FRANCA

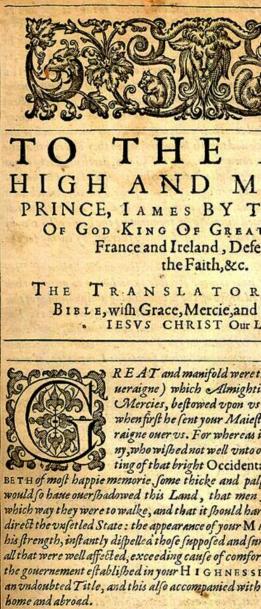
By Irina Kostyukovich

The origins of the English language

The English language belongs to the West Germanic branch of the Indo-European family of languages. The closest undoubted living language relatives of English are Scots and Frisian. Frisian is a language spoken by approximately half a million people in the Dutch province of Friesland, and in nearby areas of Germany, and also on a few islands in the North Sea.

- 450 AD 1150 AD: Old English
- 1150 AD 1500 AD: Middle English
- 1500 AD 1700 AD: Early modern English
- 1700 AD 1900 AD: Modern English
- 1900 AD Present: Late modern English





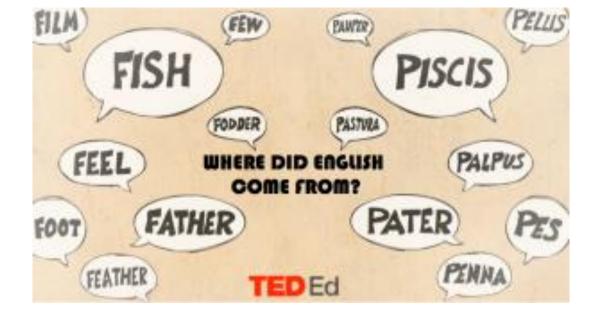
But amongst all our loyes, there was no one that m ble ffed continuance of the Preaching of G o D s facr is that ineftimable treafure, which excelleth all the v the fruite thereof extendeth it felfe, not onely to the world, but directeth and disposeth men unto that Et bone in Heauen.

A 2

The origins of the English language

Languages that have influenced Modern English

- 40% Anglo Saxon
- 30% French
- 15% Norse
- 7.5% Latin
- 5% Greek
- 2.5% other languages



https://www.ted.com/search?q=where+did+english+come+from



What is the function of the language?

What is the function of the language?

There are several approaches

According to Jakobson's functions of language, there are six types of them:

- **1. Referential function** this function refers to context. It usually describes situation, object, or its state. E.g. "The autumn leaves have all fallen now."
- 2. Poetic function is mainly used in poetry. It usually exists as is, and helps to distinguish poetry from other genres.
- **3. Emotive function** is not about the context of the statement, but about the emotions added to it. The good example is interjections and exclamations in it. E.g "Oh, such a pity".
- **4. Conative function** is a function that is directed to the receiver, and usually goes in imperative character. Exclamation marks may be used. E.g. "Richard! Do open the window!"
- **5.** Phatic function the main aid is to "warm up" the conversation. It is usually about the small talks that precede the main conversation. E.g. "Hi", "How are you?", "Good bye".
- 6. Metalinguistic function is the use of language to describe itself.

What is the function of the language?

Noam Chomsky:

The language was designed not to facilitate communication, in terms of communicating ideas it's inefficient. It evolved as a mode of creating and developing thought.

Speech is an integration of language and sensimotor system.



it's easier to consume info that way and to communicate

they need to understand each other, share their experience

it is a convenient way of communicating.

we need to rather be connected than separated

of the need to cooperate in order to solve global problems, resolve conflicts etc.

They need to build relations with each other, exchange goods, they need a language for their international relations it allows easy international communication

it makes communication of people all over the world easier

Because our world is on the path of equality and an equal language's huge step forward

a simple and universal means of

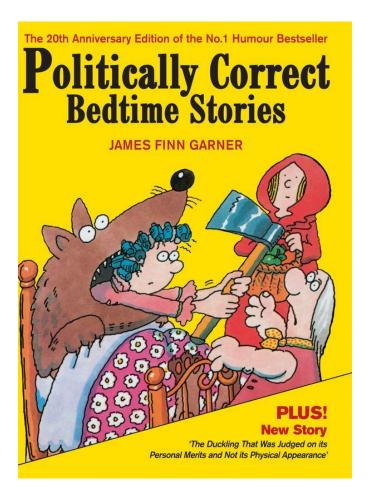
People need a global language because...

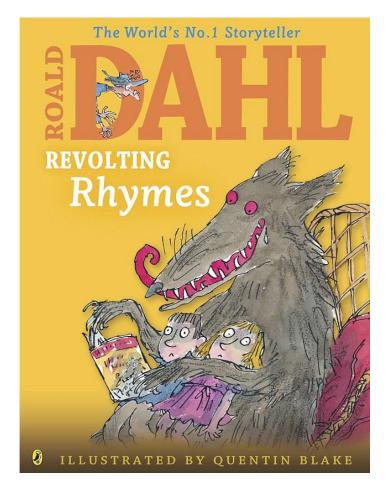
Why English has become a global language?

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WZI1EjxxXKw

Walter States into Annual Party

Recommended reading and video







John McWhorter: Txtng is killing language. JK!!! | TED Talk | TED.com https://www.te d.com/search? q=txtng+is+killi ng+language